

Objective: develop a systematic *ab initio* modeling strategy to understand structure-property relationships in *amorphous* catalysts and supports

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principles for modeling amorphous supports with cluster models

- (1) support is a solid so peripheral atoms should be immobile.
- (2) peripheral atom positions (x_p) influence chemical properties of the site.
- (3) peripheral atoms arranged in continuous distribution of positions.
- (4) low energy sites are more prevalent than high energy sites.

(1-4) define the most prevalent model sites for each value of each property. Find them with sequential quadratic programming.

$$g_{p,eff}^A = g_p^A - H_{pa} H_{aa}^{-1} g_a^A$$

$$H_{pp,eff}^A = H_{pp}^A - H_{pa} H_{aa}^{-1} H_{ap}$$

$$\Delta x_p = -M g_{p,eff}^A - \Delta l e$$

$$e = -\frac{H_{pp,eff}^A^{-1} \Delta g_{p,eff}}{\Delta g_{p,eff}^T H_{pp,eff}^A^{-1} \Delta g_{p,eff}}$$

$$M = H_{pp,eff}^A^{-1} - \frac{H_{pp,eff}^A^{-1} \Delta g_{p,eff} \Delta g_{p,eff}^T \Delta g_{p,eff}^A H_{pp,eff}^A^{-1}}{\Delta g_{p,eff}^T H_{pp,eff}^A^{-1} \Delta g_{p,eff}}$$

Example: Olefin metathesis by Mo(SiO₂)
subtle variations in the SiO₂ model alter the activation energy for a key step. *Goldsmith, Peters, in prep.*

